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## Question Paper Code: X 10320

## B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2020 AND APRIL/MAY 2021

Fifth/Sixth Semester

Computer Science and Engineering CS 8591 – COMPUTER NETWORKS

(Common to : Computer and Communication Engineering/Information Technology) (Regulations 2017)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

## Answer ALL questions

PART - A

 $(10\times2=20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 1. How are the subgroups of OSI model layers segregated by their functions?
- 2. Differentiate Circuit-switched networks and Packet-switched networks.
- 3. List out the functions of the Data Link Layer.
- 4. Find the Hamming distance between two pair of code words:

A = 01011

B = 11110

- 5. Why IPv6 is preferred over IPv4?
- 6. Find the class of each address.
  - a) 11000001 10000011 00011011 11111111
  - b) 252.5.15.111
- 7. How congestion occurs in a network?
- 8. What happens in the three way handshaking between any two devices?
- 9. Define anonymous FTP.
- 10. What is the difference between IMAP and POP?

## PART - B

-2-

 $(5\times13=65 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 11. a) i) What are the layers of the ISO/OSI protocol stack? Briefly list out their functions. (10)
  - ii) What is the need for another checking mechanism at the transport layer even though the data link layer is capable of detecting the errors between the hops? (3) (OR)
  - b) i) Compare and contrast guided and unguided media for transmission. (7)
    - ii) One channel with a bit rate of 190 kbps and another with a bit rate of 180 kbps are to be multiplexed using TDM with no synchronization bits.
      - 1) What is the size of a frame in bits? (3)
      - 2) What is the data rate? (3)
- 12. a) i) A message that is to be transmitted is represented by the polynomial  $M(x) = x^5 + x^4 + x$  with a generating prime polynomial  $G(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 1$ . Generate a 3 bit CRC code, C(x) which is to be appended to M(x). (10)
  - ii) How is a hub related to a repeater?

(OR)

- b) Explain in detail about the error and flow control mechanisms employed at data link layer. (13)
- 13. a) What are the different routing algorithms? List out their pros and cons. (13)
  - b) An ISP is given a block of addresses beginning with 190.100.0.0/16. The ISP needs to distribute these addresses to 3 groups of customers as follows:
    - a) Group 1 has 64 customers each needs 256 addresses. (3)
    - b) Group 2 has 128 customers each needs 128 addresses. (3)
    - c) Group 3 has 128 customers each needs 64 addresses. (3)

Design the sub-blocks and give the slash notation for each sub-block. How many addresses are still available after these allocations? (4)

14. a) What are the two broad categories of Congestion Control mechanisms? Briefly explain all the techniques. (13)

(OR)

b) Furnish the packet format of Stream Control Transmission Protocol with its fields. How are the data transferred with four way handshaking? (13)



15. a) What is the fo	ormat of an email? Explain the architecture of a m	ailing
system.		(13)
	(OR)	
b) Does the SSL your answer.	protocol need the services of a Certificate Author	rity? Explain (13)
	PART - C	(1×15=15 Marks)
16. a) i) Explain the	e process of web page loading of the given page:	
http://www.	.annauniv.edu/ug/cse/index.html	
Assume the available.	e IP address is unknown, HTTP 1.1 is used, web page	ge is <b>(7)</b>
*	eful session on a shopping cart application at flipkated by a stateless HTTP? What will be the security roach?	
	(OR)	
capacity of 10	be in a CSMA/CD network and the medium has a Gbps. The minimum frame length is fixed to 1,000 speed is $2 \times 10^8$ m/s.	
i) What will be	be the distance between the hosts?	(7)
,	Ethernet network, what is the efficiency when the distance between them? If the distance is reduced efficiency?	